

MEASURES TOWARDS FOREIGN COUNTRIES IN RELATION TO THE
"PRINCIPLE OF EXECUTION OF NATIONAL POLICY OF THE EMPIRE"
WHICH WAS DECIDED AT THE MEETING IN PRESENCE OF EMPEROR
ON NOVEMBER 5.

I. Towards Germany and Italy.

When it is recognized that the Japanese-American negotiation comes to an end and warfare is inevitable (imagined to be after November 25, probably), we inform Germany (Italy), without delay, Japan has an intention to open hostilities against the U.S.A. and Britain before long as soon as the preparation will be completed and being a part of the preparation, we negotiate on the following items:

A. Germany's (Italy's) participation in the war against the U.S.A.

B. Non-separate peace making.

Note: In case when Germany demands Japan's participation in the war against Soviet, we answer Japan cannot do it for the present. Even if the Germany's participation in the war, because of it, would be postponed, it cannot be helped.

II. Towards Britain

We take measures previously so as to get Britain to accept and to cooperate positively the subjects concerned to Britain in the understanding which is the fruit of the negotiation with America. We will not adopt any other diplomatic schemes purposely to keep the intention in secret.

III. Towards Dutch Indies

In order to hide and camouflage our intention, we shall open the diplomatic negotiation at the earliest opportunity with her one by one, after the manner of continuing the former negotiation, principally aiming at the supply of necessary materials for the Empire.

IV. Towards the Soviet Union.

We continue the negotiation founded on the clause No. 1 of the "Principle of negotiation with the Soviet Union" decided at the Liaison Conference between the Government and the Imperial Headquarters on August 4, 1941.

V. Towards Thailand.

A. We request and get it to admit quickly the following just before dispatching troops.

Even if Thailand does not consent it, the troops shall be dispatched as prearranged. However, we avoid with all our might the outbreak of hostile activities between Japan and Thailand.

1. Passage of the Japanese military forces and affording facilities for it.
2. Instant execution of measures to avoid conflicts between soldiers of both countries on the occasion of the passage of the Japanese forces.
3. Conclusion of a joint defense pact, if she hopes.

Note: Before the said negotiation is begun, there must not be any peculiar change (in our attitude towards Thailand) than usual, and we should pay attention to hide the intention of opening a war.

B. Soon after the dispatch of the Japanese military forces, we make arrangements of a concrete nature in that place in regards to the following items:

1. Concerning the passage and occupation of the Japanese forces.
2. Offering for the use of the Japanese forces, new construction and strengthening of the military establishments.

3. To furnish the necessary communication and transportation measures and factory establishments.

4. Billets and supplies for the military forces passing and stationing.

5. To give a loan for the necessary military expense.

Note: In order to make those negotiations favorable, at the negotiation of Item Nos. 1 and 2, we will promise to respect her sovereignty and territory and, further, we will suggest in the effect that "according to her attitude, we will consider to give a portion of Burma or Malay to her in the future".

VI. Towards China

Paying attention to the securing of the Japanese synthetic war power with which we must prepare the long world war, avoiding consumption of national energy and taking precautions against diminution of military forces in the future, we take the following measures:

A. To clear away the armed forces of the U. S. and Britain out of China.

B. To secure the hostile concessions in China (including the Peking Legation area) and the important rights and interests (customs, mines, etc.) of the hostile countries under our power, materially. But we must be careful to diminish as far as possible our personal and material burdens.

Note: Though we clear up the hostile forces out of the Common Concessions and Peking Legation area and take them under our real power, they contain interests which belong to the friendly countries, and so we will not take such a measure as to occupy them.

C. The commencement of the above measures shall be postponed until after we open the war against the U. S. and Britain, for the purpose of not exposing our intention.

D. The motion of belligerent rights against Chungking shall not be taken in such a special manner as to declare it, but we shall gain its real effect materially by beginning war against the U. S. and Britain.

E. Even hostile countries' rights and interests which are concerned with the National Government shall be secured under our power, for the present, according to our necessity, and measures to arrange their interests shall be taken on another occasion.

F. Through measures to induce and accelerate as strong as possible the activities of influence of the Chinese in the occupied area, and endeavoring to gain the people's feeling in cooperating with Japan and China. We will realize gradually partial peace, district by district beginning from the possible area.

G. As for the economical relations to China, we attach importance in gaining goods from the unoccupied area and we adjust reasonably the existing various controls.

PRINCIPLE OF ACCELERATION OF TERMINATION
OF THE WAR AGAINST THE UNITED STATES,
BRITAIN, HOLLAND AND CHIANG.

(Foreign Office)

1. To conclude arrangement with Germany and Italy not to cease war individually.
2. We shall manage to assist to make peace between Germany and the Soviet, according to results of talks between Germany and Japan, to restore the continental connection between Germany and Japan and readjusting, on the other hand, the relation between Japan and the Soviet (if possible, we shall conclude a treaty of territorial inviolability), we will take measures so as to help the Soviet to advance to the direction of India and Persia.
3. To contribute to the settlement of the Incident, we shall cut the "Burmese and Hongkong Chiang-supporting Route", restore the concessions for China, and leading and utilizing the Chinese merchants in the South Seas regions, we shall intensify the pressure on the Chiang Regime.
4. We shall admit the Philippines' independence after our occupation and declare to the world as fast as possible.
5. We shall make a portion of Dutch Indies independent and secure the necessary portions for the Empire.
6. We shall make Burma independent and stimulate and assist the independence movement of India.
7. We shall support the restoration of Thailand's lost territories from Britain. (As for French Indo-China, we shall maintain the present conditions.)
8. We shall not restrain the people's life in the occupied area and keep strictly the policy not to interfere in its internal administration.

9. When a suitable time arrives, we shall make it clearly known that we shall be ready to secure impartial supply of tin and rubber in the South Seas regions.

10. Though it is possible to take into consideration for once to utilize Americans of German descent to make public opinions of America disunited, it is impractical and ineffective, as was shown in the example of the former World War.

11. We cannot expect much in maneuver towards Central and South America.

E N D

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Doc. 790 Ⅱ

十一月五日

御前會議決定
帝國國策遂行要領
閣聯之對外措置

Doc. 790

一、対独伊

日米交渉決裂後、戦争不可避ト認めラレタル際（大体十一月二十五日以後ト想定ス）ニハ、速急ナク独（伊）ニ対シ帝國ハ近ク準備成リ次第英米ニ対シ開戦スル、意郷ナル旨ヲ通報シ右準備、一部ナリトシテ左記事項ニ付必要ナル交渉ヲ行フモトス

- 一、独（伊）、対米戦争参加
- 二、單獨不講和

備考独逸側ヨリ対ソ参戦、要求アリタル場合ニハ、差当リ参戦不能、旨ヲ以テ應酬ス但シ之カ爲獨側、対米参戦、時期カ遅ル、カ如キ事態生スルモ止ラ得ス

一、対英

対米交渉、結果タル了解事項中英國ニ関係アル事項ヲ英國ヲ以テ受諾セシメ且之ニ積極的ニ協力セシムル様速ニ措置シ置フモトス

右以外全圖陰匿ノ見地ニ於テ特別、外交措置ヲ行フニト無シ

一、対蘭印

我企圖秘匿欺騙ニ資スルタメ成ルハク速ニ從來交渉繼續形式ニ於テ帝國ニ対スル所要物資、供給ヲ主眼トスル外交交渉ヲ逐次開始ス

e-No. 2

一、対ソ

概テ昭和十六年八月四日大本營政府連絡會議決定ニ係ル対ソ外交交渉要綱第一項ニ準據シテ交渉ヲ續行ス

Doc. 790

討泰

1. 進駐開始直前左記ヲ要求ニ迅速ニ之ヲ承認セシム。泰ニ
之ヲ帝國、要求ニ應セザル場合ニ於テモ軍隊ハ豫定、如ク
進駐ス。但シ日泰間戦争状態、發生ハ極力之ヲ回避ス。

左記

- 1. 帝國軍隊、通過並ニ之ニ伴フ諸般、便宜供與。
- 2. 帝國軍隊、通過ニ伴フ日泰軍隊、衝突回避措置、即時実行。
- ハ 泰、希望ニヨリテハ共同防衛協定、締結

(註)本文開始前ニ於ケル討泰態度ハ從來ト特別、變化
ナカシメ特ニ開戦企圖、秘匿ニ萬全、考慮ヲ拂フ
モノトス。

2. 進駐後速クニ概ネ左ノ諸件ニ関シ具体的ニ現地ニ於テ
取極メ行フ。

- イ 帝國軍隊、通過及駐屯ニ関スル事項。
- ロ 軍用施設、供用及新設増強。
- ハ 所要、交通通信機關及工場施設等、供用。
- ニ 通過並ニ駐屯軍隊ニ対スル宿營給養等。
- ホ 所要軍費、借款。

備考

第一第三項、文済ニ當リテハ泰、主權及領土、尊嚴ヲ
確約シ尙國泰ノ態度ニヨリテハ將來ニヒルモ若クハ馬末、一部
ヲ割讓スヘキ事ヲ考慮スルヘキ旨ヲ仄カシ以テ文済ヲ
有利ナラシム

e-No. 3

一、對支

出來得^ル限^リ消耗ヲ避ケ以テ長期世界戰ニ對處スヘキ帝國
綜合戰力、確保及將來兵力減少、場合等ヲ念頭ニ置キ左
通^リ措置スルモノトス。

1. 在支米英武力ヲ一掃ス

2. 在支敵性租界(北京公使館區域ヲ含ム)及敵性重要
權益(海關、鉅山等)ヲ我實權下ニ把握ス。但シ我國、人
的並ニ物的負擔ヲ成ルベク輕カシムル様留意スルモノトス

(註)共同租界及北京公使館區域ハ敵性武力ヲ一掃シテ我實
權トニ收ルモ友好國權益ヲ混入スルヲ以テ接收等、形
式ヲ取ラザルモノトス

3. 前諸項ノ發動ハ我企圖ノ暴露セサル爲我對米英開戰
後トス。

4. 重慶ニ對スル交戰權ノ發動ハ特ニ宣言等ノ形式ヲ以テス
ルツトナク對米英開戰ヲ以テ事實上其實効ヲ收ルモノトス。

5. 在支敵國系權益中國民政府ニ關係アルモノモ必要ニ應ジ
差當リ我方實權下ニ把握スルモノトシ之ヲ調整ハ別ニ措
置ス

6. 占領地内ニ於ケル支那側要人、活動ヲ出來得^ル限^リ誘
導促進シ日支協力、下ニ民心、把握ニ力メ以テ可能ナル地
域ヨリ漸次局部和平ヲ實現セシム。

7. 對支經濟關係ニ於テハ非占領地ヨリスル物資獲得ニ重
點ヲ置キ現行諸制限ニ合理的調整ヲ加フルモノトス。

対米英蘭將戦争終末促進要領 (外務省)

- 一 独伊兩國ト、間ニ單獨ニ講和取極ヲ歸ス
- 二 日独間、話合ニ依リ、独ヲ蘇、講和ヲ斡旋シ日独間、大陸聯絡ヲ復活シ他方日蘇關係ヲ調整シツ、(出来得シハ不可侵條約ヲ締結ス)蘇聯、印度波斯方面進出ヲ助長スル採措置ス。
- 三 香港「ビルマ」、援將「ルー」トヲ遮斷シ在支祖界ヲ回收シ他方在南洋華僑ヲ誘導利用シ將政權ニ對スル壓迫ヲ強化シ事變解決ニ資ス
- 四 比島、占領後其獨立ヲ詆メ可成速ニ之ヲ中外ニ聲明ス。
- 五 蘭印、一部ヲ獨立セシメ所要地域ヲ帝國ノ爲ニ確保ス。
- 六 「ビルマ」ヲ獨立セシメ印度、獨立運動ヲ刺戟助長ス。
- 七 「タイ」、對英失地恢復ヲ支持ス(佛印ノ現状ヲ維持ス)
- 八 占領地、民生ヲ壓迫セス内政不干渉政策ヲ堅持ス。
- 九 適當ノ時期ニ至レバ南洋方面ニ於ケル錫及「ゴム」ノ公平ナル供給ヲ確保スル用意アル旨ヲ闡明ス
- 十 独系米人ヲ利用シ米國ノ輿論ヲ分裂セシメントスル方法ハ一應考慮シ得ルモ前回大戦、例ニ徴スルモ非實際的ニシテ効果ナシ。
- 十一 対中南米工作ニハ多クヲ期待シ得ス。